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9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
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12	JASON KINSFATHER,	CASE NO. C09-5129RBL/JRC
13	Plaintiff,	ORDER ON PENDING
14	v.	MOTIONS
15	PIERCE COUNTY et al.,	
16	Defendants.	
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19	This 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action has been referred to the undersigned Magistrate Judge	
20	pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 636 (b) (1) (A) and 636 (b) (1) (B) and Local Magistrates Judges' Rules	
21	MJR 1, MJR 3, and MJR 4. The matter is before the Court on two motions filed by Plaintiff	
22 23	(Dkt. # 20 and 23).	
$\begin{bmatrix} 23 \\ 24 \end{bmatrix}$	The first motion, (Dkt. # 20), appears to ask for leave to amend the complaint to bring a	
25	claim against Pierce County. To the extent that Plaintiff wishes to bring a claim against Pierce	
26	County, the motion is DENIED. The County cannot be held liable for the acts of its employees	

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under §1983. Plaintiff already has a complaint on file against Defendant Morales, which will still go forward, as set forth below.

In the second motion, (Dkt. # 23), Plaintiff asks the Court to Order the Marshal's Service to again attempt to serve Defendant Morales. Plaintiff states that he has an updated address and has provided new marshal's service forms. The motion is GRANTED. The court finds it is appropriate for the U.S. Marshal to conduct service in this matter.

Service of the complaint shall proceed as directed below:

(1) Service by United States Marshal.

It is hereby ORDERED that the United States Marshal shall send the following to defendant Morales by first class mail: a copy of the Complaint and of this Order, two copies of the Notice of Lawsuit and Request for Waiver of Service of Summons, a Waiver of service of Summons, and a return envelope, postage prepaid, addressed to the Clerk's Office. All costs of service shall be advanced by the United States. The Clerk shall assemble the necessary documents to effect service.

(2) <u>Response Required</u>

Defendants shall have **thirty** (**30**) **days** within which to return the enclosed Waiver of Service of Summons. Each defendant who timely returns the signed Waiver shall have **sixty** (**60**) **days** after the date designated on the Notice of Lawsuit to file and serve an answer or a motion directed to the complaint, as permitted by Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Any defendant who fails to timely return the signed Waiver will be personally served with a summons and complaint, and may be required to pay the full costs of such service,

pursuant to Rule 4(d)(2). A defendant who has been personally served shall file an answer or motion permitted under Rule 12 within **thirty** (30) days after service.

(3) <u>Filing and Service by Parties, Generally.</u>

All original documents and papers submitted for consideration by the court in this case, and a duplicate of all such papers, are to be filed with the Clerk of this court. The originals and copies of all such papers shall indicate in the upper right-hand corner the name of the Magistrate Judge to whom the copies are to be delivered. The papers shall be accompanied by proof that such documents have been served upon counsel for the opposing party (or upon any party acting *pro se*). The proof shall show the day and manner of service and may be written acknowledgment of service, by certificate of a member of the bar of this court, or by affidavit of the person who served the papers.

(4) <u>Motions</u>.

Any request for court action shall be set forth in a motion, properly filed and served. A party must file and serve with the motion a supporting memorandum. The motion shall include in its caption (immediately below the title of the motion) a designation of the Friday upon which the motion is to be noted upon the court's calendar. That date shall be the third Friday following filing of the motion (fourth Friday for Motions for Summary Judgment). All briefs and affidavits in opposition to any motion shall be filed and served not later than 4:30 p.m. on the Monday immediately preceding the Friday appointed for consideration of the motion. If a party fails to file and serve timely opposition to a motion, the court may deem any opposition to be without merit. The party making the motion may file, not later than 4:30 p.m. on the Thursday immediately preceding the Friday designated for consideration of the motion, a response to the opposing party's briefs and affidavits.

(5) Motions for Summary Judgment

If one of the parties files a motion for summary judgment pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 56, the opposing party should acquaint him/herself with Rule 56. Rule 56 requires a nonmoving party to submit affidavits or other evidence in opposition to a motion for summary judgment if the moving party has shown the absence of issues of material fact and an entitlement to judgment as a matter of law. A nonmoving party may not rest upon the mere allegations or denials of prior pleadings. Rather, successful opposition to a motion for summary judgment requires the nonmoving party to set forth, through affidavits or other evidence, specific facts showing a genuine issue for trial. Failure by the nonmoving party to oppose a summary judgment motion or to present counter evidence could result in the Court accepting the moving party's evidence as the truth, and entering final judgment in favor of the moving party without a full trial. Rand v. Rowland, 113 F.3d 1520 (9th Cir. 1997).

(6) <u>Direct Communications with District Judge or Magistrate Judge</u>

No direct communication is to take place with the District Judge or Magistrate Judge with regard to this case. All relevant information and papers are to be directed to the Clerk.

(7) <u>Clerk's Action</u>

The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this Order and of the General Order issued by the Magistrate Judges to plaintiff.

DATED this 18^{th} day of August, 2009.

J. Richard Creatura

United States Magistrate Judge